Supreme Court Case No. S247095

SUPREME COURT
FILED

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IN THE SUPREME COURT

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OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Deputy

ALAMEDA COUNTY DEPUTY SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION, et al.,

Petitioners and Appellants,

v.

ALAMEDA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION AND BOARD OF THE ALAMEDA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION, et al.

Defendants and Respondents;

and

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Intervener and Respondent.

Appeal from the Court of Appeal, First Appellate District,
Division Four Civil Case No. A141913
Contra Costa County Superior Court Case No. MSN12-1870
The Honorable David Flinn, Presiding Judge
Alameda County Superior Court Case No. RG12658890

APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMICUS CURIAE BRIEF AND BRIEF OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY

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APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMICUS CURIAE BRIEF OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY

Pursuant to Rule 8.520(f), California Rules of Court, Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association ("LACERA") requests permission to file the attached amicus curiae brief in this case, *Alameda County Deputy Sheriff's Association, et al v. Alameda County Retired Employees' Association, et al*, Supreme Court Case No. S247095.

INTEREST OF APPLICANT

Pursuant to the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937,
Government Code § 31450 et seq. ("CERL"), LACERA administers
defined retirement plan benefits for the employees of Los Angeles County
and outside districts. LACERA is an entity that is separate and distinct from
the County (*Traub v. Board of Retirement of the Los Angeles County*Employees Retirement Assn. (1983) 34 Cal.3d 793, 798-799) and does not
set the benefits—that is done by the governing bodies of the County and
districts. The three primary duties of LACERA are: 1) fiduciary
responsibility for investments of the retirement funds, 2) setting employer
contributions, and 3) providing member services to more than 165,000
members, including close to 62,000 benefit recipients. LACERA's core
mission is to produce, protect, and provide the promised benefits.

The California Constitution gives public pension trustees plenary power over administration of the system and confirms that a "retirement board's duty to its participants and their beneficiaries shall take precedence over any other duty." (Cal. Const., art. XVI, § 17(b).) Article XVI, section 17(e) gives public retirement boards "the sole and exclusive power

to provide for actuarial services in order to assure the competency of the assets" of the system. CERL mandates that the retirement Board set contribution rates of members and plan sponsors based on an actuarially reasonable funding methodology and schedule. (Gov. Code, § 31453.)

In the course of performing these duties, LACERA manages assets that, as of June 20, 2017, totaled \$52.7 billion. That amount represents the assets available for future payments to retirees and their beneficiaries. The primary sources that finance the promised benefits LACERA provides are investment income and the collection of member (employee) and plan sponsors (employers) retirement contributions.

As one of the largest public employee defined benefits administrators in the state, LACERA has a direct interest in legal issues that impact the administration of retirement benefits. Most specifically, LACERA requests permission to file an amicus curiae brief in support of neither party, but simply to provide the Court with insight concerning administrative and fund management issues that will be directly affected by the issues the Court addresses in this case. In addition, LACERA is a party to *Hipsher v. Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association et al.*, S250244, which involves the scope of the "California Rule," as articulated in the Court's decisions in *Allen v. City of Long Beach* (1955) 45 Cal.2d 128 ("*Allen I*") and *Allen v. Public Employees' Retirement System* (1983) 34 Cal.3d 114 ("*Allen II*"), i.e., whether impairment of a vested pension right must be offset by comparable new advantages. Indeed, this Court has deferred further action in *Hipsher* pending disposition of this case.

In the amicus brief, LACERA will explain why the California Rule should be retained and the impact that abandonment of the Rule would have

on defined benefit plan administrators such as LACERA. Specifically, LACERA will show that the California Rule allows for reasonable adjustment of pension benefits in a stable fashion that avoids volatility in calculating and planning for payment of pension benefits for organizations such as LACERA.

CONCLUSION

For all the foregoing reasons, LACERA respectfully requests permission to file the attached amicus curiae brief.

Respectfully submitted,

DATED: September 24, 2018

GREINES, MARTIN, STEIN & RICHLAND LLP

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Attorneys for Amicus Curiae LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT

ASSOCIATION

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORSHIP

In accordance with Rule 8.520(f)(4), the undersigned hereby states that the proposed amicus brief was authored solely by counsel for Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association and no person or entity outside of Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association made any monetary contributions to assist its preparation.

DATED: September 24, 2018

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMICUS CURIAE BRIEF OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY	2
ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PART I	2
INTEREST OF APPLICANT	2
CONCLUSION	4
CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORSHIP	5
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	7
BRIEF OF AMICUS CURIAE LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION ("LACERA") IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY	8
ARGUMENT	8
THE COURT SHOULD REAFFIRM THE CALIFORNIA RULE, WHICH ALLOWS REASONABLE ADJUSTMENT OF VESTED PENSION BENEFITS WHILE AVOIDING VOLATILE DISRUPTIONS WHICH MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR DEFINED BENEFIT ADMINISTRATORS TO PERFORM THEIR CORE FUNCTIONS	8
CONCLUSION	12
CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE	13
PROOF OF SERVICE	14
SERVICE LIST	15

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

<u>Cases</u>	Page(s)
Allen v. City of Long Beach (1955) 45 Cal.2d 128	3, 8
Allen v. Public Employees' Retirement System (1983) 34 Cal.3d 114	3, 8-9
Hittle v. Santa Barbara County Employees Retirement Assn. (1985) 39 Cal.3d 374	10
Marin Assn. of Public Employees v. Marin County Employees' Retirement Assn. (2016) 2 Cal.App.5th 674	9, 11
Traub v. Board of Retirement of the Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Assn. (1983) 34 Cal.3d 793	2
State Constitution and Statutes	
California Constitution	
Article XVI, section 17	10
Article XVI, section 17(b)	2
Article XVI, section 17(e)	2
Government Code,	
Section 31450 et seq.	2
Section 31453	3, 10

BRIEF OF AMICUS CURIAE LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION ("LACERA") IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY

ARGUMENT

THE COURT SHOULD REAFFIRM THE CALIFORNIA RULE, WHICH ALLOWS REASONABLE ADJUSTMENT OF VESTED PENSION BENEFITS WHILE AVOIDING VOLATILE DISRUPTIONS WHICH MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR DEFINED BENEFIT ADMINISTRATORS TO PERFORM THEIR CORE FUNCTIONS

For over 60 years, public employee pension benefits have been governed by the California Rule, initially articulated by this Court in *Allen I* and further refined in *Allen II*. Specifically, in *Allen I*, the court noted that vested pension benefits could only be reduced consistent with the contracts clauses of the state and federal Constitutions, to the extent the alteration bears "some material relation to the theory of a pension system and its successful operation, and changes in a pension plan which result in disadvantage to employees should be accompanied by comparable new advantages." (45 Cal.2d at p. 131.)

In *Allen II*, the court stated that principle in even stronger terms, noting:

A constitutional bar against the destruction of such vested contractual pension rights, however, does not absolutely prohibit their modification. With respect to active employees, we have held that any modification of vested pension rights

must be reasonable, must bear a material relation to the theory and successful operation of a pension system, and, when resulting in disadvantage to employees, *must* be accompanied by comparable new advantages.

(34 Cal.3d at p. 120, emphasis added.)

In deciding this case, the Court may reach the issue of whether the reduction of benefits under PEPRA would or would not require that some offsetting advantage be conferred on employees in order to avoid running afoul of the contracts clauses of the state and federal Constitutions. As a plan administrator with broad responsibilities to manage pension assets, set contribution rates and apprise members of the nature and extent of the benefits and funds to secure their payment, LACERA submits that the stability provided by the California Rule counsels against its rejection.

As indicated in this case, in *Marin Assn. of Public Employees v.*Marin County Employees' Retirement Assn. (2016) 2 Cal.App.5th 674

("Marin"), review granted November 22, 2016, S237460, and in Cal Fire

Local 2881 v. California Public Employees' Retirement System, review

granted April 12, 2017, S239958, the California Rule is regarded as an impediment to significant downward adjustments to the pension benefits of active employees. The contention is, that by sidestepping the rule, it would be easier to make substantial reduction of pension benefits. However, such ready reductions to pension benefits will have a direct adverse impact on the manner in which LACERA and other organizations that administer defined benefit plans perform their core functions.

First, the California Constitution provides that "the retirement board of a public pension or retirement system shall have plenary authority and fiduciary responsibility for investment of moneys and administration of the

system" and shall have the sole and exclusive fiduciary responsibility over the assets of the public pension or retirement system. (Cal. Const., art. XVI, § 17.) If the promised benefit is easily modified it creates havoc on retirement systems that are responsible for investing to pay a defined benefit in the future. In other words, if the "promised" benefit is constantly fluctuating it makes it very difficult for retirement boards to set forth investment strategies to pay benefits.

Aside from investment income, the primary source of those benefits consists of retirement contributions by member employees and employers. LACERA is funded on an actuarial basis. As a result, determinations of contribution rates relate to determination of benefits. Government Code § 31453 set forth the Board's authority to perform actuarial valuations in order to determine what the County's yearly contribution rate to the pension fund will be. Sound financial planning requires some degree of certainty as to what contributions will be on an ongoing basis. To the extent that pension benefits may be frequently adjusted, this creates volatility that makes it even more difficult to engage in the sort of long-term financial planning that allows LACERA and other organizations that administer defined retirement plans to assure that there are adequate assets to meet projected needs.

Second, LACERA has a fiduciary duty to communicate to its members concerning the nature and extent of benefits, as well as factors that may impact those benefits. (*Hittle v. Santa Barbara County Employees Retirement Assn.* (1985) 39 Cal.3d 374, 392-394.) If the nature and amount of pension benefits effectively becomes a "moving target" due to the ability

of local entities to constantly adjust them downward, it makes it extremely difficult for LACERA and other plan administrators to fulfill this duty, given an ever-shifting landscape of what benefits may be provided.

Finally, the litigation that is inevitably spawned by the downward adjustment of pension benefits necessarily creates uncertainty that directly impacts both short-term and long-term financial planning by plan administrators. For example, in this case, the *Marin* case, and the *Cal Fire* case, the propriety of the benefit adjustment has been in litigation for almost five years, which necessarily makes it extremely difficult to determine precisely what the ultimate defined benefit will be for the affected employees, thus greatly complicating, if not making impossible, the plan administrator's task of projecting what, if any, payments will need to be made, and ensuring sufficient assets to pay the benefits. Given that elimination of the California Rule will likely spawn broader attempts to reduce pension benefits across the state, with each adjustment spawning its own set of litigation, uncertainty in plan administration will soon become a state-wide concern. ¹/

The California Rule does not bar reduction of pension benefits when the reduction is both reasonable and necessary, and its requirement that some comparable benefit be provided requires that any adjustment be made only after careful consideration. Abandonment of this long-standing rule in

¹/ Indeed here, the Court of Appeal concluded that the reasonableness of the pension adjustment had to be assessed not simply on a system-by-system basis, but also with an eye towards the particular reduction as to the particular employee, which underscores the fact that such proceedings will likely be lengthy and protracted, thus increasing the duration of uncertainty in determining what final benefits will be.

favor of an approach that allows frequent and substantial reduction in benefits, ultimately creates uncertainty in the nature and extent of benefits, which makes infinitely more difficult, the long-term planning and clear communication with members that plan administrators must engage in while fulfilling their fiduciary duties to their members. For this reason, LACERA respectfully submits that the Court should not abandon the California Rule.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, amicus curiae Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association respectfully requests that the Court should preserve the California Rule.

Respectfully submitted,

DATED: September 24, 2018

GREINES, MARTIN, STEIN & RICHLAND LLP

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BY:

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ASSOCIATION

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Counsel of record hereby certifies that pursuant to rules 8.204(c)(1) and 8.486(a)(6) of the California Rules of Court, the APPLICATION

FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMICUS CURIAE BRIEF AND BRIEF OF

LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT

ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY contains 1,099

words, not including the tables of contents and authorities, the caption page, the verification page, signature blocks, or this certification page.

DATED: September 24, 2018

Timothy T. Coates

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is 5900 Wilshire Boulevard, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90036.

On September 24, 2018, I hereby certify that I electronically filed the foregoing APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMICUS CURIAE BRIEF AND BRIEF OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION IN SUPPORT OF NEITHER PARTY on the interested parties in this action by serving:

**** SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST ****

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I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. It is deposited with U.S. Postal Service or Federal Express on that same day in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than 1 day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

Executed on September 24, 2018 at Los Angeles, California.

 $(\checkmark \checkmark)$ (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Pauletta L. Herndon

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